COURT OF APPEAL-4TH DIST DIV 3 FILED

JAN 29 2009

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOURTH APPELLATE DISTRICT

DIVISION THREE

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Plaintiff and Respondent,

G041501

V.

(Super. Ct. No. 30-2008-00080937)

THOMAS FISCHETTI,

Defendant and Appellant.

ORDER

THE COURT:*

On January 22, 2009, this court received from the clerk of the Appellate Division of the Superior Court a copy of the opinion certified for publication and the record in this matter. (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 8.887(c)(2)(B).)

The Court DENIES transfer of the case. (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 8.1008.)

SILLS, P.J.

* Before Sills, P. J., Moore, J., and Fybel, J.



JOSEPH W. FLETCHER (SBN 96813) CITY ATTORNEY RYAN O. HODGE (SBN 234047) DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY CITY OF SANTA ANA 3 CIVIC CENTER PLAZA M-29 P.O. BOX 1988 4 SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA 92702 5 TELEPHONE: (714) 647-5201 FACSIMILE: (714) 647-6515 6 Attorneys for Real Party in Interest, CITY OF SANTA ANA APPELLATE DIVISION 8 9 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF ORANGE 10 11 PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF Case No.: 30-2008-00080937 12 CALIFORNIA, PETITION FOR REHEARING, OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE. REQUEST FOR 13 Plaintiff and Respondent, DEPUBLICATION 14 15 VS. THOMAS JAMES FISCHETTI, 16 Defendant and Appellant. 17 18 19 CITY OF SANTA ANA, 20 Real Party in Interest 21 22 23 TO THE COURT AND THE APPELLANT: 24 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Real Party in Interest, CITY OF SANTA ANA, hereby files the instant Petition for Rehearing, or in the alternative, Request for 25 26 Depublication of its opinion in the above-captioned matter, pursuant to California Rules of 27 Court, Rule 8.889. 28 /// Petition for Rehearing, or in the alternative, Request for Depublication

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

The CITY OF SANTA ANA, seek a rehearing of the case at bar because the court was presented with only one side of the issues involving the validity of the CITY OF SANTA ANA's automated photo enforcement system. The CITY OF SANTA ANA did not receive any notice or service of the arguments or proceedings in this matter, and as a result the CITY OF SANTA ANA was not afforded the opportunity to participate in the appeal of this matter. After a review of the record, it appears that the District Attorney was receiving service of the documents, but the District Attorney never appeared in this matter.

The underlying issue in this case is not only of great concern to the CITY OF SANTA ANA, but also potentially affects other cities operating such systems. As such, the CITY OF SANTA ANA herein petitions for the rehearing of this matter due to the lack of due process in the proceedings, or in the alternative, requests the de-publication of the Court's Judgment on Appeal.

II. REHEARING OF THE INSTANT APPEAL IS NECESSARY AS A RESULT OF THE DENIAL OF DUE PROCESS

On January 28, 2009, the CITY OF SANTA ANA was first made aware of the Orange County Superior Court Appellate Division's opinion in the above-captioned matter written by Judge Steven L. Perk. It was also on that date that the CITY OF SANTA ANA learned that the court had found the opinion meets the standard for publication. These rulings were made even though the CITY OF SANTA ANA never received an opportunity to brief or argue the issues in this case.

A review of the record shows that on June 26, 2008, the CITY OF SANTA ANA filed an objection to the proposed statement on appeal in this matter, which was served on the Appellant and filed with the court. A true and copy of the objection is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and incorporated herein by this reference.

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At no time thereafter was the City of Santa Ana provided notice of any further proceedings, including any briefing schedule or oral argument. Even though both the Appellant and the Appellate Division were aware of the response by the CITY OF SANTA ANA as the Real Party in Interest, all notices and briefs from both the Appellant and the Appellate Division were served on the District Attorney, who never made an appearance, and not the City Attorney. In previous appeals involving the CITY OF SANTA ANA's automated photo enforcement citation system, the City Attorney's office received notice, briefing schedules and notification of oral argument.

The record before this Court is clear that the only submission, either written or oral, before the Appellate Division of the Superior Court was by the Appellant. Such a one-sided process should never lead to a published opinion. The CITY OF SANTA ANA was fundamentally denied notice and the opportunity to be heard on an issue that has severe consequences for the CITY OF SANTA ANA, as well as other cities throughout the state.

¹ For example, the Appellate Division's opinion, at p. 2, lines 13-21, gives great import to the failure of a subsequent bill to amend the relevant statute to add language which would have supported Real Party in Interest's statutory interpretation. Had the CITY OF SANTA ANA been given notice and an opportunity to appear, it would have argued that the Supreme Court has expressly rejected the assertion that legislative intent can be discerned by a subsequent failure to amend a statute: "Unpassed bills, as evidences of legislative intent, have little value.

[Citations.]" Dyna-Med, Inc. v. Fair Employment & Hous. Com, 43 Cal. 3d 1379, 1396 (1987). Where the Legislature bottles up a proposed amendment up in Committee, as was the case with the 2003 bill the Appellate Division's opinion relies upon, the Supreme Court has recently restated its explicit holding that it could not determine legislative intent from such a failure: "we have declined to base such a conclusion on a bill's mere failure, as here, to clear committee in the legislative chamber where it was introduced. (Moradi-Shalal v. Fireman's Fund Ins. Companies (1988) 46 Cal.3d 287, 300.) As we have noted, 'failure of the bill to reach the [chamber] floor is [not] determinative of the intent of the [chamber] as a whole that the proposed legislation should fail.' (Ibid.)"

III.

Deciding a case of this nature with briefing and oral argument by only a single party makes a sham of the adversarial system. As the United States Supreme Court has noted, the adversarial system is a bedrock principle of the Anglo-American system of justice. "'[Truth],' Lord Eldon said, 'is best discovered by powerful statements on both sides of the question.' This dictum describes the unique strength of our system of criminal justice. 'The very premise of our adversary system of criminal justice is that partisan advocacy on both sides of a case will best promote the ultimate objective that the guilty be convicted and the innocent go free.' *Herring v. New York*, 422 U.S. 853, 862 (1975)." *United States v. Cronic*, 466 U.S. 648, 655 (1984) (footnote omitted). The Appellate Division was robbed of the opportunity in this case to utilize the adversarial system to reach justice.

LACK OF SERVICE ON THE CITY OF SANTA ANA VIOLATED THE CALIFORNIA RULES OF COURT, WHICH MANDATES GRANT OF THE CITY'S PETITION FOR REHEARING OF THE INSTANT APPEAL

The Appellant served the Proposed Statement on Appeal to the City Attorney's Office on June 12, 2008. In response, the CITY OF SANTA ANA as the Real Party in Interest served Appellant with an Objection to his proposed statement on appeal on June 26, 2008.

The court file in this matter further discloses that Appellant also served the CITY OF SANTA ANA via the City Attorney's Office with a Request for Stay of Execution on June 25, 2008. After receipt of the Request for Stay of Execution, the CITY OF SANTA ANA never received any other notice or filings in this matter.

The Court Rule in effect at that time, California Rules of Court, Rule 8.706(e) required that the Appellant's Opening Brief be served on all adverse parties who have appeared separately. The Rule also states that the clerk shall not file any brief that does not conform to the rule. The presiding judge may make an order to allow a non-conforming filing, in his discretion, where the infraction of the rules is of minor character and will not affect the rights of the parties or seriously hamper the court in its examination

of the appeal. However, the failure to allow the CITY OF SANTA ANA any opportunity to be heard on the validity of its photo enforcement system is of major character. As such, the failure to provide any service of the Appellant's Opening Brief, or even notice of the hearing of argument on the same, is a significant violation of the Rules of Court that deprived the CITY OF SANTA ANA of due process and should mandate the Rehearing of the subject appeal.

IV. THE INSTANT PETITION FOR REHEARING IS PROPER AND TIMELY

California Rules of Court, Rule 8.889(a)(1) authorizes the filing of a petition to the Appellate Division for the rehearing of a decision. Rule 8.889(b)(1)(B) requires that a petition for rehearing be filed and served within fifteen (15) days after a publication order restarting the finality period under Rule 8.888(b). In the instant matter, the Appellate Division issued a minute order on January 15, 2009, certifying the court's opinion for publication. Accordingly, the last day to file a Petition for Rehearing is January 30, 2009, which means that the instant Petition is timely.

V. <u>IN THE ALTERNATIVE, THE CITY OF SANTA ANA REQUESTS</u> <u>DEPUBLICATION OF THE OPINION</u>

Should this Honorable Court decline to order rehearing in this case, in the alternative, as a result of the lack of due process afforded the CITY OF SANTA ANA in the above-captioned matter, as detailed above, the CITY OF SANTA ANA requests depublication of the Court's opinion. The CITY OF SANTA ANA was not provided an opportunity to participate in the determination of this vital issue, the validity of the City's automated photo enforcement system. Absent even a partial adversarial process, this is not a proper opinion for publication, which could adversely affect not only the CITY OF SANTA ANA, but also other cities with similar systems.

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VI. CONCLUSION

Dated: January <u>30</u>, 2009

Based on the foregoing arguments, it is obvious that there was a fundamental denial of due process. Accordingly, the CITY OF SANTA ANA respectfully petitions the court for a rehearing of the instant appeal, or in the alternative requests the court to order depublication of the opinion.

By:

RYAN O. HODGE Deputy City Attorney

City Attorney

City of Santa Ana

JOSEPH W. FLETCHER

City of Santa Ana

CERTIFICATE OF WORD COUNT

(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 8.204(c)(1))

The text of this petition consists of 1,289 words, as counted by the Microsoft

Office Word 2007 word-processing program used to generate the brief.

 Dated: January 30, 2009

Counsel for Plaintiff and Respondent, PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF

CALIFORNIA