

Traffic Spies

How local authorities raised £312 million from the use of static CCTV and CCTV cars

A Big Brother Watch report

April 2014

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Foreword from Nick de Bois MP

Following pledges made by the Conservatives in Opposition, the Coalition Agreement committed the Government to increase the regulation and oversight of CCTV cameras. CCTV should only ever be used in exceptional circumstances, and therefore I agree with the government that local authority use of CCTV for parking enforcement should be banned.

The Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 prepared a surveillance camera code of practice, which sets out guidelines for CCTV encouraging transparency in their use and ensuring public bodies consider whether they are proportionate before erecting new cameras. The Act also created a new position of Surveillance Camera Commissioner, whose role it is to encourage all operators to comply with the code, review how the code is used in practice and provide advice and information about it.

I welcome this research by Big Brother Watch, which highlights that despite this guidance and additional oversight, local authorities are continuing to use CCTV cameras for means other than public safety. This research highlights the £312m in revenue that has been raised by local authorities across the country by issuing fixed penalty notices, making it clear that many hard-pressed drivers are unfairly being hit with arbitrary fines.

It is important that the public can have faith that CCTV is being used only in those situations where public safety is at risk and there are no less intrusive alternative routes of investigation. That is why it is important to scrutinise when local authorities are using CCTV cameras without it being necessary and proportionate, and I welcome Big Brother Watch's continuing scrutiny and challenge in the use of surveillance tools.

Key Findings

The following information relates to local authority use of static CCTV and CCTV cars to issue traffic and parking contravention notices (Fixed Penalty Notices). The findings in this research are for the dates 1 March 2008 – 1 March 2013. A full table of local authorities is available on page 17.

Cameras

- There are at least 71 local authorities that have used static CCTV and/or CCTV cars to capture traffic offences
 - There are at least 36 local authorities are using static CCTV to capture traffic offences
 - There are at least **59 local authorities are using CCTV cars** to capture traffic offences.
 - This is a percentage increase of 87% since 2009¹
 - There are at least 106 CCTV cars being used by local authorities.

Revenue

- The total revenue that has been generated between 1 March 2008 and 1 March 2013 is at least £312,014,707.83
 - The amount raised by static CCTV cameras is at least £197,020,561.53.
 - The amount raised by **CCTV cars** is at least £43,644,493.84
 - £71,349,652.46 was not broken down by councils in their responses.
- The majority of the revenue generated through CCTV (90%) is from the London Boroughs (See Table 1):
 - o London income: **£285,421,211.72**
 - o Rest of the UK: £26,353,545.51

Contraventions

- At least 6,661,359 contraventions were captured by static CCTV and CCTV cars
 - Static CCTV: **5,615,832**
 - CCTV cars: 1,045,527

¹ There were 31 councils using CCTV cars in 2009.

http://www.bigbrotherwatch.org.uk/home/2010/07/driveby-spies-cctv-cars-issue-8-million-in-fines-in-just-12months.html

Table 1: Top Twenty Highest Revenue Raisers

| | Council | Income f | rom Fixed Penal | ty Notices |
|----|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | | Smart Car | Static | Total |
| 1 | Camden | £1,724,001 | £34,604,320 | £36,328,321.00 |
| 2 | Ealing ² | Information not | broken down | £24,119,590.00 |
| 3 | Lambeth | £2,174,728 | £20,390,452 | £22,565,180.00 |
| 4 | Westminster | £3,130,975.15 | £17,588,677.53 | £20,719,652.68 |
| 5 | Harrow | £O | £20,165,870.81 | £20,165,870.81 |
| 6 | Hammersmith and | £O | £18,526,797 | £18,526,797.00 |
| | Fulham | | | |
| 7 | Barking and Dagenham | £3,456,682.00 | £11,696,527 | £15,153,209.00 |
| 8 | Newham | £2,914,760.70 | £11,360,873.32 | £14,275,634.02 |
| 9 | Islington | Information not | broken down | £12,840,131.40 |
| 10 | Hounslow | £478,806.44 | £9,884,137.31 | £10,362,943.75 |
| 11 | Wandsworth | £1,710,039 | £8,250,633 | £9,960,672.00 |
| 12 | Havering | £9,059,671 | £0.00 | £9,059,671.00 |
| 13 | Southwark | Information not | broken down | £8,496,760.14 |
| 14 | Waltham Forest | Information not | broken down | £7,450,274.10 |
| 15 | Hackney | £1,336,671.59 | £5,579,361.56 | £6,916,033.15 |
| 16 | Merton | £1,404,180 | £4,539,690 | £5,943,870.00 |
| 17 | Brent | Information not | broken down | £5,717,852.92 |
| 18 | Redbridge | Information not | broken down | £5,663,929.00 |
| 19 | Tower Hamlets | £131,219.00 | £3,862,337.93 | £3,993,556.93 |
| 20 | Croydon | Information not | broken down | £3,916,248.00 |

² See Appendix 1 for the methodology in ascertaining figures for Ealing.

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Executive Summary

CCTV has become a seemingly ever-present part of everyday life in the UK, with the public being told that it is integral to help keep them safe. Yet, it has become clear that local authorities have taken advantage of the technology to raise millions in revenue. *Traffic Spies* highlights that more than 70 local authorities have used CCTV as a means of raising £312m in revenue by issuing fixed penalty notices (FPN) for traffic violations.

The question must therefore be asked, if CCTV cameras are about public safety, why are local authorities able to use them to raise revenue? Furthermore, why are local authorities publishing no meaningful information about their use of CCTV for parking enforcement?

Our concerns about the use of CCTV cars were initially raised in the 2009 report *Drive by Spies*, which warned about the over-reliance on CCTV enforcement and the problems that emerge from removing the law enforcement process from traffic wardens and police officers.³ For example, the use of CCTV in issuing FPN's has resulted in a 20% increase in the number of people successfully appealing their tickets alongside a 10% increase in parking fines.^{4,5}

This report outlines the clear case for a ban on the use of CCTV cameras and CCTV cars for traffic enforcement. Serious problems should be tackled by the police and traffic wardens, not unfocussed and revenue-led surveillance.

Furthermore, the absence of proper transparency around the use of CCTV cameras in general, and the scale of fixed penalty notice use, is a fundamental problem and one that undermines trust and confidence in legitimate, targeted surveillance. It should be addressed urgently.

The Traffic Penalty Tribunal has also been very clear that CCTV cars should only be used when "enforcement is difficult, sensitive or enforcement by wardens is not practical", yet our research highlights that there has been an 87% increase in local authorities' use of CCTV cars over a five year period.

³<u>http://www.bigbrotherwatch.org.uk/drive-byspies.pdf</u>

⁴ Annual Statistics of the Traffic Penalty Tribunal 2010/11

⁵ Ibid

This further reinforces the need for the Surveillance Camera Commissioner to be given powers to enforce the Surveillance Camera Code of Practice. Currently the position has no powers to compel councils to obey the code.

The Secretary of State for DCLG, Eric Pickles MP also announced that he would act to "rein in these over-zealous and unfair rules on parking enforcement"⁶, leading to a joint DCLG and DfT consultation on whether to outlaw this practice. We have outlined the purpose of the consultation and our response on page 11.

Finally, the report addresses the use of fixed CCTV cameras without authorisation under the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 (RIPA). Where a camera is redirected and focussed on a specific vehicle, capturing information about the vehicle as well as potentially images of people travelling in the vehicle, we outline why this constitutes directed surveillance under RIPA. We argue that if CCTV is to be used to issue tickets by an operator (as opposed to an automatic system) then as the law stands this should require a RIPA authorisation and any surveillance undertaken without a RIPA authorisation is therefore unlawful.

⁶ The Telegraph, Councils using CCTV cameras to fine motorists to be made illegail within months, <u>http://www.telegraph.co.uk/finance/newsbysector/transport/10337749/Councils-using-CCTV-cameras-to-fine-motorists-to-be-made-illegal-within-months.html</u>

1. Local authority use of CCTV smart cars, as well as the use of static CCTV for parking enforcement, should be banned

CCTV should only ever be used in exceptional circumstances, for example when the safety of staff is threatened or it is not technically possible for a traffic warden to operate in a specific area.

CCTV should also only be used when all alternatives have been exhausted and when it is used, it should be subject to a regular review. This will ensure that the use of CCTV is in pursuit of a legitimate aim, is necessary to meet a pressing need and is actually effective in tackling the identified need. These results should then be proactively published.

2. The Surveillance Camera Commissioner should be given powers of enforcement, inspection and investigation

The role of the Surveillance Camera Commissioner should be a single, straightforward point of contact to make and resolve complaints about CCTV cameras. In order to achieve this the Commissioner should be given powers of enforcement and inspection, as well as a statutory role in the investigation or resolution of complaints.

3. Full transparency by local authorities on how many tickets they issue, why and how much revenue is raised

Local authorities should proactively publish details of the number of CCTV cameras in operation, the amount of revenue raised through fixed penalty notices issued via CCTV, the number and types of contraventions that fines have been issued for, and the location of the camera

2013 CCTV Code of Practice

About the code

The Protection of Freedoms Act 2012 (POFA) stipulated that new guidance would be issued on the appropriate and effective use of surveillance camera systems in England and Wales. The POFA also created a new role of the Surveillance Camera Commissioner (SCC), with the first Commissioner, Andrew Rennison, starting in September 2012. On 12 August 2013 the CCTV Code of Practice came into force.⁷ The 12 guiding principles of the code are included in Appendix 3.

Can CCTV be used for traffic enforcement?

The code makes it very clear that in order to avoid motorists regarding traffic enforcement by CCTV as "over-zealous", authorities should use the cameras "sparingly". As a result:

"Such systems should only be deployed where other means of enforcement are not practical and their effectiveness in achieving this purpose is subject to regular review."⁸

In order to achieve this, the code states that CCTV must only be installed for a "specified purpose" which is in pursuit of a "legitimate aim" and necessary to meet an "identified pressing need" (Principle 1).

Transparency

Principle 3 of the code states that:

"There must be as much transparency in the use of a surveillance camera system as possible, including a published contact point for access to information and complaints."⁹

⁷<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/204775/Surveillance_Came</u> <u>ra_Code_of_Practice_WEB.pdf</u>

⁸ Ibid, p.6

⁹ Ibid, p.13

The code also recommends that in developing or reviewing surveillance camera systems, consultation and engagement with the public and partners (including the police) will be an important part of assessing whether there is a "legitimate aim and a pressing need, and whether the system itself is a proportionate response."

Accountability

Principle 4 of the code states that:

"There must be clear responsibility and accountability for all surveillance camera system activities including images and information collected, held and used."¹⁰

If CCTV cameras are to be used for multiple purposes, for example the camera was initially installed for "crime prevention and detection" but then is also used for "traffic management", the code states that it is good practice for the governance arrangements to include those "accountable for each purpose and facilitate joint working, review and audit, decision making and public engagement."

Failures of the code

The code was a step in the right direction towards brining proper oversight to millions of cameras that capture our movements every day. However, as only five per cent of cameras in England and Wales are covered by the code (local authorities and police forces), and without any penalties available if the code is broken, there is much more that could be done to protect people's privacy from unjustified or excessive surveillance.

The SCC has no powers of inspection or enforcement, nor does he have any statutory role in the investigation and resolution of complaints, meaning the Information Commissioner remains responsible for these areas. As such, we have repeatedly questioned what benefit is gained from duplicating the code and creating a new Commissioner.

The SCC needs real powers to enforce the rules and the code should apply to every CCTV camera, irrespective of who is operating it. We have seen cases of cameras in

¹⁰ Ibid, p.15

school toilets, neighbours involving the police because of cameras on private property and concerns about new marketing technology, yet the code does not apply to any of these situations.

The broader issue is that the code tries to draw a distinction between "regulated surveillance" and surveillance that falls outside regulation. Yet the Data Protection Act – the primary legislation in this area – does not draw such a distinction. Whatever technologies emerge, or new ways of using existing technologies, the law is already in place – the question is whether it is enforced equally or not. We remain deeply concerned that this framework undermines enforcement in areas where the relevant activity falls between the Surveillance and Information Commissioners immediate responsibilities.

As Big Brother Watch told representatives of the Home Office prior to the code being produced, we believed there were some simple criteria that would ensure a regulatory framework would have public confidence. They were:

1) A single, straightforward point of contact to make and resolve complaints about CCTV cameras

2) A comprehensive code that covers cameras irrespective of their owner and is more focused on the purpose and operation of cameras

3) Clear, robust guidance on the information public authorities should be required to publish and have regard to when making decisions and during on-going operation

In our opinion the code fails on each of these points.

CCTV Cars and the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000

If the cameras on CCTV cars are not clearly visible and because there is no signage in a particular parking bay or area under surveillance, then it could be argued that local authorities are using covert surveillance techniques. As a result, this could fall within the definition of "directed surveillance" under the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 (RIPA).

The Covert Surveillance and Property Interference: Revised Code of Practice published by the Home Office, states that:

"The use of overt CCTV cameras by public authorities does not normally require an authorisation under the 2000 Act. Members of the public will be aware that such systems are in use". A footnote adds "for example, **by virtue of cameras or signage being clearly visible**". See the CCTV Code of Practice 2008 for full guidance on establishing and operating overt CCTV systems"¹¹

The same Code of Practice states that three tests should be applied if any planned directed surveillance is subject to RIPA. The surveillance has to be: "covert"; "conducted for the purposes of a specific investigation or operation"; and "is likely to result in the obtaining of private information about a person (whether or not one specifically identified for the purposes of the investigation or operation)".

Under this test, it is therefore arguable that CCTV cars' surveillance is "covert". The regular and routine surveillance of a parking bay or specific area could constitute "an operation" as it occurs regularly over a specific time frame.

It could be argued that no private information is "likely" to be obtained as the surveillance is of a public highway parking bay. However, the test is that "*private information is likely to be obtained*", not that "*private information is actually obtained*". So even if "private information" in my particular case is not obtained, there is no guarantee that private information will not be obtained during the operation as a whole. It is after all possible for the CCTV the operator to zoom in, at

¹¹ Code of practice for covert surveillance and property interference <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/code-of-practice-for-covert-surveillance-and-property-interference</u>

will, to record details of what individuals are doing by the car. Therefore, it is not possible for a local authority to guarantee that it won't obtain "private" information during its long surveillance operation.

Local authorities should therefore anticipate that, because the operation is continuous (regularly being conducted) and that it is likely to obtain "private information" at some time (e.g. by zooming in), RIPA is likely to be engaged and the directed surveillance is unauthorised/unlawful (as it does not meet RIPA's requirements).

(Source: Amberhawk, data protection and information law specialists)¹²

¹² http://amberhawk.typepad.com/amberhawk/2012/10/mobile-cctv-cars-used-by-councils-can-breach-data-protection-law-and-ripa.html

DCLG and DfT Consultation

In September 2013, the government announced a series of proposals for consultation to reform parking rules. The Department for Communities and Local Government and the Department for Transport invited views on current local authority parking strategies and on options the government are considering to change the balance of how parking is enforced.

Eric Pickles, Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government, said:

"Excessive parking charges and unfair parking fines push up the cost of living, and undermine local high streets and shopping parades. We want to rein over-zealous parking enforcement, so it focuses on supporting high streets and motorists, not raising money. Parking spy cars are just 1 example of this and a step too far. Public confidence is strengthened in CCTV if it is used to tackle crime, not to raise money for council coffers."

The significant elements of the local authority parking policy for amendment include:

- how to limit the use of CCTV for on-street parking enforcement in some or all circumstances
- whether local communities and businesses should be given the right to require authorities to review aspects of their parking strategies including the level of parking charges, whether parking should be free for a time, and whether double yellow lines are appropriate and necessary at particular locations
- whether there should be a statutory requirement for local authorities to allow
 a 'grace period' where a driver has over-stayed in a paid for parking place
 for a short period before issuing a parking ticket

• updating parking enforcement guidance to emphasise a less heavy-handed approach to parking enforcement and that parking charges and fines should not be used to subsidise other areas of local government spending

Big Brother Watch's response

This consultation goes to the heart of what Big Brother Watch campaigns on – the public were never told that CCTV would be used for issuing fixed penalty notices when they accepted greater CCTV surveillance. The rhetoric has always focused on violent crime, anti-social behaviour and catching criminals. The results from the consultation will be revealing as to whether the public are willing to accept yet more cameras for purposes other than public safety.

In 2009 our research highlighted that 31 councils were operating CCTV cars, that number has now risen by 87 per cent. That is why, with every report that we have published in recent years on CCTV, as well as our submissions to the consultation on the CCTV code of practice, we have argued that local authorities, indeed all CCTV operators, should publish statistics on how many cameras are used, how many arrests and convictions they have led to and for what offences. If the public had the full facts about CCTV, perhaps the Government wouldn't need to act because people would express their views at the ballot box.

In the absence of such transparency, we welcome and support the Government's plans to stop local authorities using CCTV for parking enforcement.

Equally, the move to allow compensation to be awarded where unreasonable tickets have been issued should help to restore some common sense to the system.

This is important because there's the obvious question about whether the fines are issued because someone is causing an actual obstruction, or if they are simply contravening a strict interpretation of the rules. For instance, there have been occasions where tickets have been issued where the CCTV footage shows the car wasn't stationary long enough for another vehicle to even come into shot. Another example shows that a driver was issued with a box junction infringement ticket for being stationary for only two seconds. This isn't just a question of money. The legal basis for some types of CCTV being used as parking enforcement has long been dubious. If someone is using a camera to scan a street, then zooms in on an individual with the intent of monitoring them and potentially issuing a ticket, there are obvious questions about whether that constitutes directed surveillance, which requires a magistrate's warrant under the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000. Equally, if a camera has been installed for the purposes of 'the prevention and detection of crime' then is it legally acceptable for the data to be re-used for the purpose of traffic enforcement?

Ultimately, CCTV will never solve the fundamental problem of there not being enough parking in town centres, and using cameras intended to catch criminals to issue parking tickets only undermines public trust in the surveillance they've been told to accept to protect their own safety, not to fill council coffers and justify expensive CCTV systems.

Table 2: Local Authority data

| Council | No. of CCTV Smart | | no. of Contraventions ed by CCTV smart cars | | capture | of Contra d by public CTV camer | c space | Incom | ne from Fi Notic | ixed Penalty es |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| | Cars | Parking | Moving Traffic | Total | Parking | Moving Traffic | Total | Smart Car | Static | Total |
| Greater London Authority | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | D£ |
| | | | City of Lond | don and L | ondon bor | oughs | | | | |
| City of London | 113 | 0 | 3,999 | 3,999 | 58,583 | 0 | 58,583 | | ation not n down | £3,144,866.9 0 |
| Barking and Dagenham | 2 | Informati broken o | | 68,093 | | ition not vided | 234,623 14 | £3,456 ,682.0 0 | £11,69 6,527 ¹⁵ | £15,153,209. 00 |
| Barnet | | | D | oes not o | perate mo | bile enfor | cement | | | |
| Bexley | 2 | 22,058 | 0 | 22,058 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £1,889 ,622.6 6 | £O | £1,889,622.6 6 |
| Brent | 4 | 20,952 | 9,353 | 30,305 | 30,536 | 61,032 | 91,568 | | ation not n down | £5,717,852.9 2 |
| Bromley | 4 | 13,937 | 0 | 13,937 | 48,963 | 0 | 48,963 | £733,0 45 | £2,711, 979 | £3,445,024 |
| Camden | 216 | Informati | on not | 26,645 | 201,927 | 415,690 | 617,617 | £1,724 | £34,60 | £36,328,321. |

¹³ Not a smart car
 ¹⁴ Includes figures from LaneWatch
 ¹⁵ Includes figures from LaneWatch
 ¹⁶ Run by NSL

| | | broken d | down | 17 | 18 | | | ,001 | 4,320 | 00 |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Croydon ¹⁹ | 1 | Information not broken down | | 16,875 | Information not provided | | 136,948 | | ation not n down | £3,916,248.0 0 |
| Ealing ²⁰ | 0 | 0 0 | | 0 | | mation not 482,340 provided | | | ation not n down | £24,119,590 .00 |
| Enfield | 2 | Information not broken down | | 4266 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Greenwich | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Hackney | 3 | Informatio broken o | | 23,873 | 53,010 | 50,533 | 103,543 | £1,336 ,671.5 9 | £5,579, 361.56 | £6,916,033.1 5 |
| Hammersmith and Fulham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58,716 | 236,508 21 | 388,486 22 | £O | £18,52 6,797.0 0 | £18,526,797. 00 ²³ |
| Haringey | 2 | 29,962 | 6,716 | 36,678 ²⁴ | 163,499 | 45,815 | 209,314 ²⁵ | £341,9 70 | £2,502, 581 | £2,844,551.0 0 ²⁶ |
| Harrow | 0 | 0 0 | | 0 | | ation not n down | 346,318 | £O | £20,16 5,870.8 1 | £20,165,870. 81 |

¹⁷ 1st March 2010 to 1st March 2013 only.

¹⁸ Includes bus lane contraventions

¹⁹ Figures for April 2009 to February 2013 only

²⁰ See Appendix 1 for the methodology in ascertaining figures for Ealing.

²¹ Include bus lane contraventions

²² Includes 93,262 PCNs which weren't broken down for the 2012/13 financial year

 23 Includes £6,221,357 from the 2012/13 financial year

²⁴ Figures for February 2010 to 1st March 2013.

²⁵ Figures from February 2010 to 1st March 2013.
²⁶ Figures for 3rd May 2012-1st March 2013 only

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| Havering | 2 | 109,298 | 0 | 109,298 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £9,059 ,671 | £0.00 | £9,059,671 | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Hillingdon | J 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | ation not vided | 62,677 | £O | £3,459, 254.20 | £3,459,254.2 0 | |
| Hounslow ²⁸ | 1 ²⁹ | Informatio broken d | | 8900 | | ation not n down | 182,804 | £478,8 06.44 | £9,884, 137.31 | £10,362,943. 75 | |
| Islington ³⁰ | 2 | | | Informc | Information not broken down | | | | | | |
| Kensington and Chelsea | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Kingston upon Thames | 2 | Informatio broken o | | 33,230 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £1,775 ,878.0 6 | £O | £1,775,878.0 6 | |
| Lambeth | 3 | Informatio broken d | | 44,659 | | ation not n down | 427,946 | £2,174 ,728 | £20,39 0,452 | £22,565,180. 00 | |
| Lewisham | 131 | Information broken o | | 22,686 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £1,329 ,375 | £O | £1,329,375 | |
| Merton | 5 ³² | Information not broken down | | 25,167 | | ation not n down | 77,003 | £1,404 ,180 | £4,539, 690 | £5,943,870.0 0 | |
| Newham | 4 ³³ | 24,204 | 34,799 | 59,003 | 231,696 | 23,211 | 254,907 | £2,914 ,760.7 0 | £11,36 0,873.3 2 | £14,275,634. 02 | |

²⁷ Used to monitor anti-social behaviour
 ²⁸ Figures are for 2010 onwards
 ²⁹ Not a smart car

³⁰ See Appendix 1 for the methodology in ascertaining figures for Islington.
 ³¹ Not a smart car

³² Not smart cars

³³ 2 capture both moving and parking offences and 2 are equipped to capture only moving traffic contraventions.

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| 2 | 44,507 | 3933 | 48,443 ³⁴ | 110,043 | 48,593 | 158,708 ³⁵ | | | £5,663,929 | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | 38,602 | 32 ³⁶ | 38,634 | 26,680 | 27,644 ³⁷ | 54,324 | £983,7 23 | £2,895, 509 | £3,879,232 | |
| 5 ³⁸ | | | 26,253 | | | 171,952 | | | £8,496,760.1 4 | |
| 2 | 32,589 | 0 | 32,589 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £1,477 ,211 | £O | £1,477,211.0 0 | |
| 2 | 0 | 2,157 | 2,157 | | | 72,206 | £131,2 19.00 | £3,862, 337.93 | £3,993,556.9 3 | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 157,508 | 129,160 | 286,668 | £O | | £7,450,274.1 0 | |
|] 40 | | | 28,759 | | | 138,511 | £1,710 ,039 | £8,250, 633 | £9,960,672 | |
| 4 ⁴¹ | | | 51,229 | | | 312,579 | £3,130 ,975.1 5 | £17,58 8,677.5 3 | £20,719,652. 68 | |
| English County Councils | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Does not use static or smart car CCTV to issue fixed penalty notices | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | In | formation | not held | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| | 0 5 ³⁸ 2 2 0 1 ⁴⁰ 4 ⁴¹ 0 | 0 38,602 5 ³⁸ Informati broken 2 32,589 2 0 0 0 1 ⁴⁰ Informati broken 4 ⁴¹ Informati broken 0 0 0 0 Does Does | 038,602 32^{36} 5^{38} Information not broken down2 $32,589$ 020 $2,157$ 000140Information not broken down 4^{41} Information not broken down 4^{41} Information not broken down000Engl 000Engl00Does not use st | 2 44,507 3933 $_{34}$ 0 38,602 32^{36} $38,634$ 5^{38} Information not broken down $26,253$ 2 $32,589$ 0 $32,589$ 2 0 $2,157$ $2,157$ 0 0 0 0 1 ⁴⁰ Information not broken down $28,759$ 4^{41} Information not broken down $51,229$ 0 0 0 0 English County 0 0 0 Does not use static or smoting | 2 $44,507$ 3933 $_{34}$ 110,043 0 $38,602$ 32^{36} $38,634$ $26,680$ 5^{38} Information not broken down $26,253$ Information for broken 2 $32,589$ 0 $32,589$ 0 2 0 $2,157$ $2,157$ Information for broken 0 0 0 0 157,508 140 Information not broken down $28,759$ Information broken 4^{41} Information not broken down $51,229$ Information broken 0 0 0 0 0 English County Councils 0 0 0 0 Does not use static or smart car CCC | 2 $44,507$ 3933 $_{34}$ $110,043$ $48,593$ 0 $38,602$ 32^{36} $38,634$ $26,680$ $27,644^{37}$ 5^{38} Information not broken down $26,253$ Information not broken down 2 $32,589$ 0 $32,589$ 0 0 2 0 $2,157$ $2,157$ Information not broken down 0 0 0 0 $157,508$ $129,160$ 1^{40} Information not broken down $28,759$ Information not broken down $51,229$ Information not broken down 4^{41} Information not broken down $51,229$ Information not broken down $51,229$ Information not broken down 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 English County Councils 0 0 0 0 0 0 Information not broken down | 2 44,507 3933 34 110,043 48,593 35 0 38,602 32 ³⁶ 38,634 26,680 27,644 ³⁷ 54,324 5 ³⁸ Information not broken down 26,253 Information not broken down 171,952 2 32,589 0 32,589 0 0 0 2 0 2,157 2,157 Information not broken down 72,206 0 0 0 0 157,508 129,160 286,668 1 ⁴⁰ Information not broken down 28,759 Information not broken down 138,511 4 ⁴¹ Information not broken down 51,229 Information not broken down 312,579 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 English County Councils 0 0 0 0 0 0 Information not broken down 51,229 Does not use static or smart car CCTV to issue fixed pen Information not held | 2 44,507 3933 $_{34}$ 110,043 48,593 $_{35}$ broker 0 38,602 32 ³⁶ 38,634 26,680 27,644 ³⁷ 54,324 £983,7 5 ³⁸ Information not broken down 26,253 Information not broken down 171,952 Information broken 2 32,589 0 32,589 0 0 0 £1,477 2 0 2,157 2,157 Information not broken down 72,206 £131,2 2 0 2,157 2,157 Information not broken down 28,759 129,160 286,668 £0 1 ⁴⁰ Information not broken down 28,759 Information not broken down 312,579 £1,710 ,039 4 ⁴¹ Information not broken down 51,229 Information not broken down 312,579 \$75.1 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 £0 Does not use static or smart car CCTV to issue fixed penalty notic Information not held | $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | |

³⁴ Includes 3 classified as 'others'
 ³⁵ Includes 72 classified as 'others'

³⁶ Includes bus lane contraventions
 ³⁷ Includes bus lane contraventions

³⁸ Not smart cars

³⁹ See Appendix 1 for the methodology in ascertaining figures for Waltham Forest.
 ⁴⁰ Not a smart car

⁴¹ Not smart cars

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| Devon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
|------------------|------------------------|---------|---------------|------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Dorset | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| East Sussex | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| Essex | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| Gloucestershire | | | | Ir | oformation | not held | | | | | | |
| Hampshire | | | | Ir | oformation | not held | | | | | | |
| Hertfordshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| Kent | | | | Ir | formation | not held | | | | | | |
| Lancashire | Information not held | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Leicestershire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| Lincolnshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| Norfolk | | | | Ir | oformation | not held | | | | | | |
| Northamptonshire | | | | Ir | oformation | not held | | | | | | |
| North Yorkshire | | | | Ir | oformation | not held | | | | | | |
| Nottinghamshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| Oxfordshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | ation not n down | 94,217 | £O | £3,314, 000 | £3,314,000.0 0 | | |
| Somerset | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| Staffordshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | |
| Suffolk | | Does | not use sta | atic or sm | art car CC | CTV to issue | e fixed pend | alty noti | ices | | | |
| Surrey | | | | Ir | oformation | not held | | | | | | |
| Warwickshire | | Does | not use sta | atic or sm | art car CC | CTV to issue | e fixed pend | alty noti | ices | | | |
| West Sussex | | Does no | t issue traff | ic contra | vention ar | nd/or parki | ng contrav | ention | notices | | | |
| Worcestershire | e Information not held | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Englis | h Unitary | Authorities | S | | | | | | |
| Bath and North | 1 ⁴² | 0 | 0 | 0 | Informa | ation not | 142,679 | £O | £3,802, | £3,802,854.5 | | |

⁴² Purchased in Feb 2013

| East Somerset | | | | | broke | n down | | 854.54 | 4 | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|--------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Bedford Borough | 2 | 7,715 | 0 | 7,715 | CCTV | / not used for purpose | or this | £303,4 88.60 | £O | £303,488.60 |
| Blackburn with Darwen | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Blackpool | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Bournemouth | 1 | 13,716 | 0 | 13,716 | - | ation not n down | 4706 ⁴³ | £417,3 57.39 | £109,0 18 | £526,375.39 |
| Bracknell Forest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Brighton and Hove | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,548 | 33,01644 | 40,564 | £O | £1,137, 260 | £1,137,260.0 0 |
| Bristol, City of | 2 | Informatic broken d | | 28,705 | Information not 25,675 broken down | | £564,4 94 | £952,9 13 | £1,517,407.0 0 | |
| Central Bedfordshire | 3 ⁴⁵ | 10,599 | 0 | 10,599 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £221,8 85.70 | £O | £221,885.70 |
| Cheshire East | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Cheshire West and Chester | 3 | 1445 | 0 | 1445 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £51,02 5 | £O | £51,025.00 |
| Cornwall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Darlington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Derby | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Durham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| East Riding of Yorkshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Halton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Hartlepool | 1 | 3420 | 0 | 3420 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £82,61 | £O | £82,614 |

⁴³ Bus lane contraventions
 ⁴⁴ Bus lane contraventions
 ⁴⁵ Not smart cars

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| | | | | | | | | 4 | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|--|----------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Herefordshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Isle of Wight | | | Does no | t use statio | c or smar | t car CCTV | enforcem | ent | | |
| Kingston upon Hull, City of | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Leicester | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Luton | 1 | Information not broken down | | 1454 | 6599 | 26,787 ⁴⁶ | 33,386 | £39,37 0 | £627,1 06 | £666,476.00 |
| Medway | 2 | 58,548 | 0 | 58,548 | | s not utilise F ce CCTV fo purpose | | £1,739 ,838.2 1 | £O | £1,739,838.2 1 |
| Middlesbrough | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Milton Keynes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| North East Lincolnshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| North Lincolnshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| North Somerset | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Northumberland | | | Does no | t use statio | c or smar | t car CCTV | enforcem | ent | | |
| Nottingham | 1 | 349 | 327 | 676 ⁴⁷ | 0 | 0 | 0 | £20,42 3 | £O | £20,423.00 |
| Peterborough | 1 | Information not broken down | | 7,026 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £199,1 58.30 | £O | £199,158.30 |
| Plymouth | 1 ⁴⁸ | Information not broken down | | 18,021 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £724,1 29.65 | £O | £724,129.65 |
| Poole | 1 | 2426 | Informa tion not | 2426 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £66,42 8.50 | £O | £66,428.50 |

⁴⁶ Bus lane contraventions
 ⁴⁷ Bus lane contraventions
 ⁴⁸ Not a smart car

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| | | | provide | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | | | d | | | | | | | | | | |
| Portsmouth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| Reading | 149 | 2,005 | 0 | 2,005 | Does no | ot use CCT | √ for this | Refus ed | £O | Unknown | | | |
| Redcar and Cleveland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| Rutland | | Does not use static or smart car CCTV to issue fixed penalty notices | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Shropshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| Slough | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| South Gloucestershire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| Southampton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| Southend-on-Sea | 2 | Informat provi | | 15,254 | | ot use static ce traffic vic | | £455,7 75 | £O | £455,775 | | | |
| Stockton-on-Tees | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| Stoke-on-Trent | 1 | 2,467 | 13,807 | 16,274 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £457,8 56.49 | £O | £457,856.49 | | | |
| Swindon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| Telford and Wrekin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| Thurrock | | Doe | s not use sto | atic or smo | art car CC | TV to issue | fixed pen | alty notic | es | | | | |
| Torbay | 1 ⁵⁰ | Informat broken | | 2410 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £67,21 1.44 | £O | £67,211.44 | | | |
| Warrington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | |
| West Berkshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | ation not n down | 7610 | £O | £202,6 24 | £202,624.00 | | | |

⁴⁹ Not a smart car
⁵⁰ Not a smart car

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| Wiltshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|---------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| Windsor and Maidenhead | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Wokingham | | Does | not use sto | itic or smo | ırt car CC [.] | TV to issue | fixed pen | alty notic | es | | | | | |
| York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| | | | Wels | h Unitary A | Authorities | | | | | | | | | |
| Blaenau Gwent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Bridgend | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Caerphilly | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Cardiff | | Does not use static or smart car CCTV enforcement to issue fixed penalty notices | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Carmarthenshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Ceredigion | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Conwy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Denbighshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Flintshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Gwynedd | | Does not us | e static or s | smart car (| CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal | ty notices | | | | | |
| Isle of Anglesey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Merthyr Tydfil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Monmouthshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Neath Port Talbot | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Newport | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Pembrokeshire | | Does not us | e static or s | smart car (| CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal | ty notices | | | | | |
| Powys | | Does not us | e static or s | smart car (| CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal | ty notices | | | | | |
| Rhondda, Cynon, Taff | Not responsible for CCTV enforcement | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Swansea | Does not use static or smart car CCTV enforcement | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| The Vale of Glamorgan | Does not use static or smart car CCTV enforcement | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| Torfaen | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----|----|--|--|--|--|
| Wrexham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| | | | Northern I | rish District | | Areas | | | | | | | | |
| Antrim | | | Ν | lot respon: | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| Ards | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Armagh | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| Ballymena | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Ballymoney | | | | Does not i | issue fixed | l penalty n | otices | | | | | | | |
| Banbridge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Belfast | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| Carrickfergus | | Does not issue fixed penalty notices | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Castlereagh | | Not responsible for CCTV enforcement | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coleraine | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| Cookstown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Craigavon | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| Derry City | | | Not resp | onsible for | traffic co | ntraventio | ns and po | arking | | | | | | |
| Down | | | Not resp | onsible for | traffic co | ntraventio | ns and po | arking | | | | | | |
| Dungannon | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| Fermanagh | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| Larne | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Limavady | | | Ν | lot respons | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| Lisburn | | Doe | s not use sta | atic or smo | art car CC | CTV to issue | fixed per | nalty notic | ces | | | | | |
| Magherafelt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Moyle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Newry and Mourne | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | | | | |
| Newtownabbey | Not responsible for CCTV enforcement | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| North Down | | | Ν | lot respons | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Omagh | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|-----|------------|-------------|------------|--------|----|----|----|
| Strabane | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | |
| | | | Sco | ttish Coun | cil Areas | | | | | |
| Aberdeen City | | | N | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | |
| Aberdeenshire | | | N | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | |
| Angus | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Argyll and Bute | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Clackmannanshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Dumfries and Galloway | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Dundee City | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| East Ayrshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| East Dunbartonshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| East Lothian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| East Renfrewshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| City of Edinburgh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Eilean Siar | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Falkirk | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Fife | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Glasgow City | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Highland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Inverclyde | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Midlothian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Moray | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| North Ayrshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| North Lanarkshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Orkney Islands | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |

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| Perth and Kinross | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
|------------------------|------|--------|---------|-------------|------------|--------------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Renfrewshire | 251 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Scottish Borders | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Shetland Islands | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Ayrshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Lanarkshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Stirling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| West Dunbartonshire | | | N | ot responsi | ble for fi | xed penalty | notices | | | |
| West Lothian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| | | | English | Metropolit | an Cour | ncils | | | | |
| Barnsley | 1 | 173052 | 0 | 1730 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Info | rmation i | not found |
| Birmingham | 1 | 8518 | 0 | 8518 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £241,9 84 | £O | £241,984.00 |
| Bolton | 1 | 14,652 | 0 | 14,652 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £476,5 41.74 | £O | £476,541.74 |
| Bradford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 109,238 ⁵³ | 109,238 | £O | £2,687, 173 | £2,687,173.0 0 |
| Bury |] 54 | 0 | 20,484 | 20,484 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £651,0 00 | £O | £651,000.00 |
| Calderdale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Coventry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | nation not en down | 22,344 | £O | £579,6 14 | £579,614.00 |
| Doncaster | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |

⁵¹ Only used for environmental crime
 ⁵² Refers to 'stationary offences'
 ⁵³ Bus lane contraventions
 ⁵⁴ Responsibility of NSL

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| Dudley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---|-------|---|---------------------|---------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Gateshead | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | 00.0£ |
| Kirklees | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Knowsley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Leeds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | ation not vided | 86,115 | £O | £2,517, 170.98 | £2,517,170.9 8 |
| Liverpool | 1 | Informatio broken c | | 2,354 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £11,47 5 | £O | £11,475.00 |
| Manchester | 2 | 258 | 0 | 258 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £9,051 | £O | £9,051.00 |
| Newcastle upon Tyne | 1 | Informatio broken c | | 1424 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £39,91 8.22 | £O | £39,918.22 |
| North Tyneside | 1 | 3531 | 0 | 3531 | | | Informatio | on not he | eld | |
| Oldham | 1 | 1384 | 0 | 1384 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Refus ed: cost and time limit | £O | ÛĴ |
| Rochdale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Rotherham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Salford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Sandwell | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Sefton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Sheffield | 1 ⁵⁵ | Informatio broken c | | 14 | | ation not n down | 122,408 56 | £280 | £2,808, 122 | £2,808,402.0 0 |
| Solihull | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Tyneside | - | Informatio | | 3873 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £156,3 | £O | £156,380.00 |

⁵⁵ Not a smart car ⁵⁶ Bus lane contraventions

| | | broken | | | | | | 90 | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|---|-------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| | | broken | | | | | | 80 | | |
| St. Helens | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Stockport | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Sunderland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Tameside | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Trafford | | Does not us | e static or | smart car (| CCTV enf | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penalty | / notice | S |
| Wakefield | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Walsall | 1 ⁵⁷ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Wigan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Wirral | 1 | Informati broken | | 7513 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £239,9 51 | £O | £239,951 |
| Wolverhampton | 1 | Informati broken | | 51 | US | space CCT ed for parki enforcemer | ng | £1,750 | £O | £1,750 |
| | | | English N | Ion-Metrop | olitan Dis | tricts | | | | |
| Adur | | | Does n | ot use statio | c or smar | t car CCTV | enforcer | nent | | |
| Allerdale | | | Does n | ot use statio | c or smar | t car CCTV | enforcer | nent | | |
| Amber Valley | | | 1 | Not respons | ible for C | CTV enforc | ement | | | |
| Arun | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Ashfield | | | Does n | ot use statio | c or smar | t car CCTV | enforcer | nent | | |
| Ashford | | | Does n | ot use statio | c or smar | t car CCTV | enforcer | nent | | |
| Aylesbury Vale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Babergh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Barrow-in-Furness | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Basildon | | Autho | ority passed | d to Chelm | sford as th | ne lead co | uncil in th | e partnersł | nip | |
| Basingstoke and | | | 2.1 | ot use statio | | | | | | |

⁵⁷ Being prepared

| Deane | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------|---|--------|----------|--------------------------|---------|--------------|----|-------------|
| Bassetlaw | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Blaby | | | | Info | ormatior | n not held | | | | |
| Bolsover | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Braintree | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Breckland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Brentwood | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Broadland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Bromsgrove | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Broxbourne | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Broxtowe | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Burnley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Cambridge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Cannock Chase | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Canterbury | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Carlisle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Castle Point | | | | Info | ormatior | n not held | | | | |
| Charnwood | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Chelmsford ⁵⁸ | 1 | Informati broken | | 12,311 | Not r | esponsible f function | or this | £352,5 49 | £O | £352,549.00 |
| Cheltenham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Cherwell | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Chesterfield | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Chichester | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Chiltern | 0 | | | | Inform | nation not h | neld | | | |

⁵⁸ Information from 2009

| Chorley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
|--------------------------|---|-------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------|------------|----|
| Christchurch | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| Colchester | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| Copeland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Corby | | | | In | formation | not held | | | | |
| Cotswold | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £0 | £O |
| Craven | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £0 | £O |
| Crawley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Dacorum | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| Dartford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Daventry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Derbyshire Dales | | | Ν | lot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | ement | | | |
| Dover | | Does not us | se static or s | smart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal | ty notices | |
| East Cambridgeshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £0 | £O |
| East Devon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| East Dorset | | Does not us | se static or s | smart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal | ty notices | |
| East Hampshire | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| East Hertfordshire | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| East Lindsey | | | | In | formation | not held | | | | |
| East Northamptonshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| East Staffordshire | | Does not us | se static or s | smart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal | ty notices | |
| Eastbourne | | | Not re | esponsible | for CCTV | and CCTV | ' smart ca | rs | | |
| Eastleigh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Eden | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Elmbridge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

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| Epping Forest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
|--------------------------|---|---|---------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|------|--------|--------|
| Epsom and Ewell | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Erewash | | | Does no | ot use stat | ic or smart | car CCTV | enforcem | nent | | |
| Exeter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Fareham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Fenland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | ation not n down | 76 | £O | £4,160 | £4,160 |
| Forest Heath | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Forest of Dean | | | Not re | esponsible | e for issuing | , fixed pen | alty notice | ∋s | | |
| Fylde | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Gedling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Gloucester | | | | In | formation | not held | | | | |
| Gosport | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Gravesham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Great Yarmouth | | | | In | formation | not held | | | | |
| Guildford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Hambleton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Harborough | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Harlow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Harrogate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Hart | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Hastings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Havant | | | Does no | ot use stat | ic or smart | car CCTV | enforcem | nent | | |
| Hertsmere | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| High Peak | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Hinckley and Bosworth | | | | In | formation | not held | | | | |
| Horsham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |

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| Huntingdonshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | O£ |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|----|
| Hyndburn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| lpswich | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Isles of Scilly | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Kettering | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| King's Lynn and West Norfolk | | | Ν | ot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | |
| Lancaster | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Lewes | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| Lichfield | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| Lincoln | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Maidstone | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Maldon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Malvern Hills | | Does not us | e static or s | smart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal [.] | ty notices | |
| Mansfield | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Melton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Mendip | | Does not us | e static or s | smart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal [.] | ty notices | |
| Mid Devon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Mid Suffolk | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| Mid Sussex | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Mole Valley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| New Forest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Newark and Sherwood | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Newcastle-under- Lyme | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| North Devon | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| North Dorset | | | N | ot respon | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | |

| North East Derbyshire | | | | Int | formation | not held | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|----|--|
| North Hertfordshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| North Kesteven | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| North Norfolk | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| North Warwickshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| North West Leicestershire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Northampton | | | | In | formation | not held | | | | | |
| Norwich | | | Doe | es not ope | rate static | c or Smart (| Car CCTV | | | | |
| Nuneaton and Bedworth | | Does not us | se static or s | smart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal | ty notices | | |
| Oadby and Wigston | | Does not use static or smart car CCTV enforcement | | | | | | | | | |
| Oxford | 1 ⁵⁹ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Pendle | | | 1 | Not respor | sible for h | ighways fu | nction | | | | |
| Preston | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | | |
| Purbeck | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Redditch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Reigate and Banstead | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £0 | |
| Ribble Valley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Richmondshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Rochford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Rossendale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |
| Rother | | Not re | esponsible | for moving | g traffic or | on-street p | arking cc | ontraventi | ons | | |
| Rugby | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O | |

⁵⁹ From March 2013

| Runnymede | | Does not u | se static or s | smart car | CCTV enf | orcement | o issue fixe | ed penc | alty notice | S |
|---------------------------|---|------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------|-----------------|-------------|
| Rushcliffe | | | Does no | ot use stat | ic or smar | t car CCTV | enforcem | ent | | |
| Rushmoor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | ation not n down | 8226 | £O | £259,5 45.35 | £259,545.35 |
| Ryedale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | Û£ |
| Scarborough | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Sedgemoor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Selby | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Sevenoaks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Shepway | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Bucks | | | Does no | ot use stat | ic or smar | t car CCTV | enforcem | ent | | |
| South Cambridgeshire | | | | Does not | t operate (| CCTV smar | t cars | | | |
| South Derbyshire | | | Not re | esponsible | e for issuing | g fixed pen | alty notice | es | | |
| South Hams | | | Does no | ot use stat | ic or smar | t car CCTV | enforcem | ent | | |
| South Holland | | | | Ir | formation | not held | | | | |
| South Kesteven | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Lakeland | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Norfolk | | | Does no | ot use stat | ic or smar | t car CCTV | enforcem | ent | | |
| South Northamptonshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Oxfordshire | | | | Does not | issue fixec | l penalty n | otices | | | |
| South Ribble | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Somerset | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| South Staffordshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Spelthorne | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | cove | as do not r traffic ences | 0 | £O | £O | £O |

| St Albans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--------------|-----------|------------|----|
| St Edmundsbury | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Stafford | 0 - one on trial | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Staffordshire Moorlands | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Stevenage | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Stratford-on-Avon | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| Stroud | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Suffolk Coastal | | | | Not | responsibl | e for CCTV | 1 | | | |
| Surrey Heath | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Swale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Tamworth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Tandridge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Taunton Deane | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcem | nent | | |
| Teignbridge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Tendring | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Test Valley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Tewkesbury | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcem | nent | | |
| Thanet | | Does not us | se static or s | mart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | to issue fix | ed penali | ty notices | |
| Three Rivers | | Does not us | se static or s | mart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fix | ed penal | ty notices | |
| Tonbridge and Malling | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | car CCTV | enforcen | nent | | |
| Torridge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Tunbridge Wells | 1 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Uttlesford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Vale of White Horse | | | | Does not | issue fixed | penalty n | otices | | | |

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| Warwick | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
|--------------------------|-----|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Watford | | Do not i | use static o | r smart cc | ar CCTV er | nforcemen | t to issue p | penalty n | otices | |
| Waveney | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Waverley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Wealden | | Does not us | e static or s | smart car | CCTV enfo | orcement t | o issue fixe | ed penal | ty notice: | S |
| Wellingborough | | | | In | formation | not held | | | | |
| Welwyn Hatfield | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| West Devon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| West Dorset | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| West Lancashire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| West Lindsey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| West Oxfordshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| West Somerset | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | t car CCTV | enforcem | nent | | |
| Weymouth and Portland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Winchester | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Woking | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Worcester | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Worthing | | | Does no | ot use stati | c or smart | t car CCTV | enforcem | nent | | |
| Wychavon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Wycombe | | | | In | formation | not held | | | | |
| Wyre | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | £O | £O | £O |
| Wyre Forest | | | N | ot respons | sible for C | CTV enford | cement | | | |
| Total | 105 | 484,147 | 95,607 | 1,038,0 14 | 1,155,3 08 | 1,207,22 7 | 5,615,8 32 | £43,40 4,542. 84 | £197,0 20,561. 53 | £311,774,75 6.83 |

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Appendix 1: Methodology

Beginning on the 4th March 2013 a Freedom of Information request was sent to 443 local authorities across the United Kingdom. In this request we asked for the number of CCTV Smart Cars the council operated, the number of moving traffic and parking contraventions that had been captured by the vehicle(s) as well as the total income that was obtained through those penalties. We also asked for the same information relating to static CCTV cameras. A copy of this FOI can be found in Appendix 3. We received at least partial responses from 431 councils; this gives a response rate of 99 per cent.

From the 8th April 2013 we sent the same Freedom of Information request to the UK's 43 Police Authorities. This was after several councils indicated that the responsibility for traffic enforcement lay with the police. Only one police force, Northumbria, responded stating they raised revenue from CCTV cameras (£140,000 via static cameras), however this revenue went directly to the Home Office. We therefore decided to not directly include these results in the report.

For the purposes of this report we included all responses received up to and including the 14 October 2013.

We have not included information relating to cameras operated and maintained by central government, the motorway system, Transport for London and by the wider transport network.

Three local authorities were unable to provide us with information requested in our Freedom of Information Request, however they do publish similar figures relating to the number of fixed penalty notices handed out due to CCTV. The figures presented in the report have therefore been ascertained as follows:

<u>Ealing</u>

Ealing Council provided Big Brother Watch with evidence, in the form of parking services annual reports, which shows what proportion of PCNs have been issued by CCTV.

The format for this information differs between reports. In the reports for the financial years 2008-11 this was in the form of a pie chart with the percentage explicitly shown. In the reports for the financial years 2011-13 this information was in the form of a table, and was therefore ascertained by dividing the number of CCTV PCNs from the total number of PCNs. Once the percentage was determined, that same percentage of the total revenue raised through PCNs was deduced (e.g. in 2012/13: 46% of PCNs were issued through CCTV. The total revenue raised for that financial year through PCN's was £9,020,000 of which 46% is £4,149,200.00)

| Year | Percentage of PCN's | Revenue |
|---------|---------------------|----------------|
| 2008-09 | 56% | £6,293,400.00 |
| 2009-10 | 43% | £3,833,880.00 |
| 2010-11 | 52% | £5,230,160.00 |
| 2011-12 | 45% | £4,513,950.00 |
| 2012-13 | 46% | £4,149,200.00 |
| TOTAL | | £24,169,590.00 |

<u>Islington</u>

Islington Council did not provide Big Brother Watch with evidence that shows what proportion of PCNs that had been issued by CCTV.

However, an FOI response from Islington Council that had been published in December 2010 shows that in the **2009-2010** financial year **30%** (rounded off from 29.7) of the PCNs that had been paid were originally issued by CCTV⁶⁰. The figures for 2010-11 are not included as the FOI response from Islington for that year does not break down its income between PCNs and other forms of enforcement.

| Year | Percentage of PCN's | Revenue |
|---------|---------------------|----------------|
| 2008-09 | 30% | £3,211,888.50 |
| 2009-10 | 30% | £3,263,599.20 |
| 2010-11 | / | / |
| 2011-12 | 30% | £3,360,443.70 |
| 2012-13 | 30% | £3,004,200.00 |
| TOTAL | / | £12,840,131.40 |

Waltham Forest

⁶⁰ Final piece of correspondence, dated 7th December 2010: <u>https://www.whatdotheyknow.com/request/breakdown_of_recorded_contravent_15</u> www.bigbrotherwatch.org.uk

Waltham Forest did not provide Big Brother Watch with evidence that shows what proportion of PCNs that had been issued by CCTV. Therefore, the Borough's parking accounts have been obtained by an earlier Freedom of Information request in October 2012.⁶¹

The level of CCTV PCNs has been estimated at **30%**. The rationale for this is that, compared to Islington, Waltham Forest has a larger population and contains a greater number of people. The methodology for finding a figure was therefore the same as the system used in the case of Islington.

| Year | Percentage of PCN's | Revenue |
|---------|---------------------|---------------|
| 2008-09 | / | / |
| 2009-10 | 30% | £1,682,241.00 |
| 2010-11 | 30% | £1,676,406.30 |
| 2011-12 | 30% | £2,060,813.40 |
| 2012-13 | 30% | £2,060,813.40 |
| TOTAL | | £7,480,274.10 |

⁶¹<u>https://www.whatdotheyknow.com/request/132033/response/327043/attach/4/Scan%20to%20Me%20from%2010.144.</u> 12.221%202012%2011%2001%20083127.pdf

Appendix 2: FOI request

I am writing to obtain information about your authority's use of CCTV and CCTV "smart cars" to issue moving traffic contraventions and parking contraventions notices (sometimes called Fixed Penalty Notices).

To outline my query as clearly as possible, I am requesting:

1) How many CCTV Smart cars does your authority currently own and/or operate?

2) A total number of the moving traffic contraventions and parking contraventions captured by the authority's CCTV Smart car(s) in the period 1 March 2008 – 1st March 2013?

3) The total income obtained through fixed penalty notices resulting from the above penalties captured by X council's CCTV Smart car(s) in the period 1 March 2008 – 1st March 2013?

4) A total number of the moving traffic contraventions and parking contraventions captured by the your authority's public space CCTV cameras in the period 1 March 2008 – 1st March 2013?

5) The total income obtained through fixed penalty notices resulting from the above penalties captured by your authority's public space CCTV cameras in the period 1 March 2008 – 1st March 2013?

Please note I am not asking for details of any individual cases.

Appendix 3: CCTV Code of Practice Guiding Principles

System operators should adopt the following 12 guiding principles:

- Use of a surveillance camera system must always be for a specified purpose which is in pursuit of a legitimate aim and necessary to meet an identified pressing need
- The use of a surveillance camera system must take into account its effect on individuals and their privacy, with regular reviews to ensure its use remains justified
- 3. There must be as much transparency in the use of a surveillance camera system as possible including a published contact point for access to information and complaints
- There must be clear responsibility and accountability for all surveillance camera system activities including images and information collected, held and used
- Clear rules, policies and procedures must be in place before a surveillance camera system is used, and theses must be communicated to all who need to comply with them
- 6. No more images and information should be stored than that which is strictly required for the stated purpose of a surveillance camera system, and such images and information should be deleted once their purposes have been discharged
- 7. Access to retained images and information should be restricted and there must be clearly defined rules on who can gain access and for what purpose access is granted; the disclosure of images and information should only take place when it is necessary for such a purpose for for law enforcement purposes
- 8. Surveillance camera system operators should consider any approved operational, technical and competency standards relevant to a

system and its purpose and work to meet and maintain those standards

- Surveillance camera system images and information should be subject to appropriate security measures to safeguard against unauthorised access and use
- 10. There should be effective review and audit mechanisms to ensure legal requirements, policies and standards are complied with in practice, and regular reports should be published
- 11. When the use of surveillance camera systems is in pursuit of a legitimate aim, and there is a pressing need for its use, it should be used in the most effective way to support public safety and law enforcement with the aim of processing images and information of evidential value
- 12. Any information used to support a surveillance camera system which compares against a database for matching purposes should be accurate and kept up to date

About Big Brother Watch

Big Brother Watch was set up to challenge policies that threaten our privacy, our freedoms and our civil liberties, and to expose the true scale of the surveillance state.

Founded in 2009, we have produced unique research exposing the erosion of civil liberties in the UK, looking at the dramatic expansion of surveillance powers, the growth of the database state and the misuse of personal information.

We campaign to give individuals more control over their personal data, and hold to account those who fail to respect our privacy, whether private companies, government departments or local authorities.

Protecting individual privacy and defending civil liberties, Big Brother Watch is a campaign group for the digital age.

If you are a journalist and you would like to contact Big Brother Watch, including outside office hours, please call +44 (0) 7505 448925 (24hrs). You can also email: **press@bigbrotherwatch.org.uk** for written enquiries.

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