REFERENCE TITLE: photo radar prohibition

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-second Legislature Second Regular Session 2016

SCR 1010

Introduced by Senators Smith, Lesko: Begay, Burges, Farnsworth D, Griffin, McGuire, Yee; Representatives Finchem, Kern, Mesnard

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

ENACTING AND ORDERING THE SUBMISSION TO THE PEOPLE OF A MEASURE RELATING TO PHOTO ENFORCEMENT SYSTEMS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Arizona, the House of 2 Representatives concurring: 3 1. Under the power of the referendum, as vested in the Legislature, 4 the following measure, relating to photo enforcement systems, is enacted to 5 become valid as a law if approved by the voters and on proclamation of the 6 Governor: 7 AN ACT 8 AMENDING SECTIONS 28-601, 28-627 AND 28-1201, ARIZONA REVISED 9 STATUTES; REPEALING SECTIONS 28-1202, 28-1203, 28-1204, 28-1205 AND 28-1206, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 28, 10 11 CHAPTER 3, ARTICLE 21, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING A NEW 12 SECTION 28-1202; REPEALING SECTION 28-1602, ARIZONA REVISED 13 STATUTES: RELATING TO PHOTO ENFORCEMENT. 14 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 15 Section 1. Section 28-601, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 28-601. Definitions 18 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: 19 1. "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or 20 combination of vehicles that is designed, used or maintained to 21 transport passengers or property in the furtherance of a 22 commercial enterprise, that is a commercial motor vehicle as 23 defined in section 28-5201 and that is not exempt from gross 24 weight fees as prescribed in section 28-5432, subsection B. 25 2. "Controlled access highway" means a highway, street or 26 roadway to or from which owners or occupants of abutting lands 27 and other persons have no legal right of access except at such 28 points only and in the manner determined by the public authority 29 that has jurisdiction over the highway, street or roadway. 30 3. "Crosswalk" means: 31 (a) That part of a roadway at an intersection included 32 within the prolongations or connections of the lateral lines of 33 the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway measured from the 34 curbs or, in absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable 35 roadway. (b) Any portion of a roadway at an intersection or 36 37 elsewhere that is distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface. 38 39 4. "Escort vehicle" means a vehicle that is required 40 pursuant to rules adopted by the department to escort motor 41 vehicles or combinations of vehicles that require issuance of a 42 permit pursuant to article 18 or 19 of this chapter for 43 operation on the highways of this state. 44 5. "Explosives" means any chemical compound, mixture or 45 device that is commonly used or intended for the purpose of

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producing an explosion and that is defined in 49 Code of Federal
 Regulations part 173.

6. "Flammable liquid" means any liquid that has a flash point of less than one hundred degrees Fahrenheit and that is defined in 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 173.120.

7. "Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle without a load plus the weight of any load on the vehicle.

8. "Intersection" means the area embraced within the 8 9 prolongation or connection of the lateral curb lines, or if none, the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two highways 10 11 that join one another at, or approximately at, right angles, or 12 the area within which vehicles traveling on different highways 13 joining at any other angle may come in conflict. If a highway includes two roadways thirty or more feet apart, each crossing 14 15 of each roadway of the divided highway by an intersecting highway is a separate intersection. If the intersecting highway 16 17 also includes two roadways thirty or more feet apart, each 18 crossing of two roadways of the highways is a separate 19 intersection.

9. "License" means any license, temporary instruction
permit or temporary license issued under the laws of this state
or any other state that pertain to the licensing of persons to
operate motor vehicles.

10. "Low emission and energy efficient vehicle" means a
vehicle that has been certified by the United States
environmental protection agency administrator in accordance with
23 United States Code section 166 or that is part of a federally
approved pilot program.

29 11. "Motorized wheelchair" means any self-propelled
30 wheelchair that is used by a person for mobility.

12. "Official traffic control device" means any sign, signal, marking or device that is not inconsistent with this chapter and that is placed or erected by authority of a public body or official having jurisdiction for the purpose of regulating, warning or guiding traffic.

36 13. "Park", if prohibited, means the standing of a
37 vehicle, whether occupied or not, otherwise than temporarily for
38 the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or
39 unloading.

40 <u>14. "Photo enforcement system" means a device</u>
41 <u>substantially consisting of a radar unit or sensor linked to a</u>
42 <u>camera or other recording device that produces one or more</u>
43 <u>photographs, microphotographs, videotapes or digital or other</u>
44 <u>recorded images of a vehicle's license plate for the purpose of</u>
45 <u>identifying violators of articles 3 and 6 of this chapter.</u>

1 15. 14. "Pneumatic tire" means a tire in which 2 compressed air is designed to support the load. 3 16. 15. "Pole trailer" means a vehicle that is all of 4 the following: 5 (a) Without motive power. Designed to be drawn by another vehicle and attached 6 (b) 7 to the towing vehicle by means of a reach or pole or by being 8 boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle. 9 (c) Used ordinarily for transporting long or irregularly 10 shaped loads such as poles, pipes or structural members capable 11 generally of sustaining themselves as beams between the 12 supporting connections. 13 17. 16. "Police officer" means an officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic or make arrests for violations of 14 15 traffic rules or other offenses. 18. 17. "Private road or driveway" means a way or place 16 17 that is in private ownership and that is used for vehicular travel by the owner and those persons who have express or 18 19 implied permission from the owner but not by other persons. 20 19. 18. "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or 21 property on cars operated on stationary rails. 22 20. 19. "Railroad sign or signal" means a sign, signal 23 or device erected by authority of a public body or official or 24 by a railroad and intended to give notice of the presence of 25 railroad tracks or the approach of a railroad train. 26 21. 20. "Railroad train" means a steam engine or any 27 electric or other motor that is with or without cars coupled to 28 the steam engine or electric or other motor and that is operated 29 on rails. 30 22. 21. "Roadway" means that portion of a highway that 31 is improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, 32 exclusive of the berm or shoulder. If a highway includes two or 33 more separate roadways, roadway refers to any such roadway 34 separately but not to all such roadways collectively. 35 23. 22. "Safety zone" means the area or space that is 36 both: 37 (a) Officially set apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of pedestrians. 38 39 (b) Protected or either marked or indicated by adequate signs as to be plainly visible at all times while set apart as a 40 41 safety zone. 42 24. 23. "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street that 43 is between the curb lines or the lateral lines of a roadway and 44 the adjacent property lines and that is intended for the use of 45 pedestrians.

1 25. 24. "Stop", if required, means complete cessation 2 from movement. 3 26. 25. "Stop, stopping or standing", if prohibited, means any stopping or standing of an occupied or unoccupied 4 5 vehicle, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with directions of a police officer or 6 7 traffic control sign or signal. "Through highway" means a highway or portion of 8 27. 26. 9 a highway at the entrances to which vehicular traffic from intersecting highways is required by law to stop before entering 10 11 or crossing and when stop signs are erected as provided in this 12 chapter. 13 28. 27. "Traffic" means pedestrians, ridden or herded 14 animals, vehicles and other conveyances either singly or 15 together while using a highway for purposes of travel. 29. 28. "Traffic control signal" means a device, whether 16 17 manually, electrically or mechanically operated, by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and to proceed. 18 19 30. 29. "Truck" means a motor vehicle that is designed, 20 used or maintained primarily for the transportation of property. 21 Sec. 2. Section 28-627, Arizona Revised Statutes, is 22 amended to read: 23 28-627. Powers of local authorities 24 A. This chapter and chapters 4 and 5 of this title do not 25 prohibit a local authority, with respect to streets and highways 26 under its jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of the 27 police power, from: 28 1. Regulating the standing or parking of vehicles. 29 Regulating traffic by means of police officers, 2. 30 traffic control signals or volunteer posse organization members 31 authorized by the sheriff under section 11-441 for the purpose 32 of directing traffic only. 33 3. Regulating or prohibiting processions or assemblages 34 on the highways. 35 4. Designating particular highways as one-way highways and requiring that all vehicles on one-way highways be moved in 36 37 one specific direction. 38 5. Regulating the speed of vehicles in public parks. 39 6. Designating any highway as a through highway and 40 requiring that all vehicles stop before entering or crossing the 41 highway or designating any intersection as a stop intersection 42 and requiring all vehicles to stop at one or more entrances to 43 the intersection. 44 7. Restricting the use of highways as authorized in 45 section 28-1106.

1 8. Regulating the operation of bicycles and requiring the 2 registration and licensing of bicycles, including the 3 requirement of a registration fee. 9. Regulating or prohibiting the turning of vehicles or 4 5 specified types of vehicles at intersections. 6 10. Altering the prima facie speed limits as authorized 7 by this chapter. 8 11. Designating routes over streets and highways for 9 vehicles not exceeding one hundred two inches in width, exclusive of safety equipment. 10 11 12. Adopting other traffic regulations that are 12 specifically authorized by this chapter or chapter 4 or 5 of 13 this title. 14 13. Designating routes on certain streets and highways 15 for the purpose of allowing off-highway vehicle operators to gain access to or from a designated off-highway recreation 16 17 facility as defined in section 28-1171, off-highway vehicle trail as defined in section 28-1171 or off-highway vehicle 18 19 special event as defined in section 28-1171. 20 B. A local authority shall not erect or maintain a stop 21 sign or traffic control signal at any location that requires the 22 traffic on any state highway to stop before entering or crossing 23 any intersecting highway unless approval in writing has first 24 been obtained from the director. 25 C. An ordinance or regulation enacted under subsection A, 26 paragraph 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 or 10 of this section is not effective 27 until signs giving notice of the local traffic regulations are posted on or at the entrances to the highway or part of the 28 29 highway affected as is most appropriate. 30 D. The definition of motor vehicle prescribed in section 31 28-101 does not prevent a local authority from adopting 32 ordinances that regulate or prohibit the operation of motorized 33 skateboards, except that a local authority shall not adopt an 34 ordinance that requires registration and licensing of motorized 35 skateboards. For the purposes of this subsection, "motorized skateboard" means a self-propelled device that has a motor, a 36 37 deck on which a person may ride and at least two tandem wheels in contact with the ground. 38 39 E. In addition to the appointment of peace officers, a 40 local authority may provide by ordinance for the appointment of: 41 1. Unarmed police aides or municipally approved private 42 contractors who are employed or contracted by the police 43 department and who are empowered to commence an action or 44 proceeding before a court or judge for a violation of the local 45 authority's ordinances regulating the standing or parking of

1 vehicles. A municipally approved private contractor shall not 2 include a relative of an employee or of an elected official of 3 the municipality. The authority of the unarmed police aide or 4 municipally approved private contractor as authorized in this 5 section is limited to the enforcement of the ordinances of local authorities regulating the standing or parking of vehicles. 6 7 Pursuant to rules established by the supreme court, an unarmed 8 police aide appointed pursuant to this paragraph may serve any 9 process originating out of a municipal court in the municipality in which the unarmed police aide is employed. 10 Service of 11 process under this paragraph shall only be made during the hours 12 the municipal court is open for the transaction of business and 13 only on court premises. This paragraph does not grant to 14 unarmed police aides or municipally approved private contractors 15 other powers or benefits to which peace officers of this state are entitled. 16

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2. Traffic investigators who may:

(a) Investigate traffic accidents within the jurisdiction of the local authority.

(b) Commence an action or proceeding before a court or judge for any violation of a state statute or local ordinance relating to traffic, if the violation is related to a traffic accident within the jurisdiction of the local authority.

(c) Pursuant to rules established by the supreme court, serve any process originating out of a municipal court in the municipality in which the traffic investigator is employed. Service of process under paragraph 1 of this subsection shall only be made during the hours the municipal court is open for the transaction of business and only on court premises.

F. A traffic investigator appointed pursuant to this section shall:

Be unarmed at all times during the course of the
 traffic investigator's duties.

2. Be an employee of the appointing local authority.

3. File written reports as required pursuant to section 28-667.

37 G. Notwithstanding subsection E of this section, an
38 unarmed police aide, a municipally approved private contractor
39 or a traffic investigator shall not serve any process resulting
40 from a citation issued for a violation of article 3 or 6 of this
41 chapter or of a city or town ordinance for excessive speed or
42 failure to obey a traffic control device that is obtained using
43 a photo enforcement system.

1 H. G. This section does not grant other powers or 2 benefits to traffic investigators to which peace officers of 3 this state are entitled. H. Pursuant to section 28-1092, a local authority 4 5 shall provide reasonable access to and from terminals and service facilities on highways under its jurisdiction. 6 7 Sec. 3. Section 28-1201, Arizona Revised Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 28-1201. Definition of photo enforcement system In this article, unless the context otherwise requires, 10 11 "photo enforcement system" has the same meaning prescribed in 12 section 28-601 MEANS A DEVICE SUBSTANTIALLY CONSISTING OF A 13 RADAR UNIT OR SENSOR LINKED TO A CAMERA OR OTHER RECORDING DEVICE THAT PRODUCES ONE OR MORE PHOTOGRAPHS, MICROPHOTOGRAPHS, 14 VIDEOTAPES OR DIGITAL OR OTHER RECORDED IMAGES OF A VEHICLE'S 15 LICENSE PLATE FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING VIOLATORS OF 16 17 ARTICLE 3 OR 6 OF THIS CHAPTER OR OF A CITY OR TOWN ORDINANCE FOR EXCESSIVE SPEED OR FAILURE TO OBEY A TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE. 18 19 Sec. 4. Repeal 20 Sections 28-1202, 28-1203, 28-1204, 28-1205 and 28-1206, 21 Arizona Revised Statutes, are repealed. 22 Sec. 5. Title 28, chapter 3, article 21, Arizona Revised 23 Statutes, is amended by adding a new section 28-1202, to read: 24 28-1202. Photo enforcement system; prohibition 25 A PHOTO ENFORCEMENT SYSTEM SHALL NOT BE USED BY A LOCAL 26 AUTHORITY OR ANY AGENCY OF THIS STATE TO IDENTIFY VIOLATORS OF 27 ARTICLE 3 OR 6 OF THIS CHAPTER OR OF A CITY OR TOWN ORDINANCE 28 FOR EXCESSIVE SPEED OR FAILURE TO OBEY A TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE. 29 Sec. 6. <u>Repeal</u> 30 Section 28-1602, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed. 31 Sec. 7. Legislative intent 32 Pursuant to section 41-1107, Arizona Revised Statutes, it 33 is the legislature's intent to: 1. Keep the enforcement of the laws in this state in the 34 35 hands of trained law enforcement officers who are authorized by the people of this state to enforce the laws. 36 37 2. Protect the citizens of this state from the abuses 38 that accompany the outsourcing of law enforcement to private, 39 for-profit entities. 40 3. Ensure that the purpose of law enforcement remains to 41 serve and protect and not to generate revenue for governments. 42 2. The Secretary of State shall submit this proposition to the voters 43 at the next general election as provided by article IV, part 1, section 1, 44 Constitution of Arizona.