HOUSE BILL 204

R5 8lr1333

By: Delegate Korman, Anderton, Carr, Flanagan, Folden, Jalisi, Knotts, McCray, McMillan, and Wivell Introduced and read first time: January 18, 2018 Assigned to: Environment and Transportation Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: February 27, 2018 CHAPTER AN ACT concerning Traffic Control Signal Monitoring Systems - Duration of Yellow Signal Compliance (4-Second Act) FOR the purpose of requiring a traffic control signal to display a yellow light for a certain minimum length of time before changing to a red signal indication at an intersection monitored by a traffic control signal monitoring system prohibiting certain law enforcement agencies from issuing a citation for a violation recorded by a traffic control signal monitoring system at a traffic control signal that does not comply with <u>certain yellow light timing requirements</u>; and generally relating to traffic control signal monitoring systems. BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Transportation Section 21–202.1(b) Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement) SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: Article - Transportation

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

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21-202.1.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

1 2 3 4 5 6	(b) (1) The agency primarily responsible for traffic control at an intersection monitored by a traffic control signal monitoring system shall ensure that the length of time that a traffic control signal displays a yellow light before changing to a red signal indication is AT LEAST 4 SECONDS AND IS OTHERWISE set in accordance with regulations adopted by the State Highway Administration consistent with standards or guidelines established by the Federal Highway Administration.
7	(2) AN AGENCY MAY NOT ISSUE A CITATION FOR A VIOLATION
8	RECORDED BY A TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNAL MONITORING SYSTEM AT A TRAFFIC
9	CONTROL SIGNAL THAT DOES NOT COMPLY WITH THE TIMING REQUIREMENTS OF
10	PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
11 12	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2018.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.

President of the Senate.

R5 8lr3484

By: Delegates Hill, Fisher, Jalisi, R. Lewis, McCray, Parrott, Pena-Melnyk, Reilly, Rey, Wivell, and K. Young

Introduced and read first time: February 8, 2018 Assigned to: Environment and Transportation

A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN	ACT	concerning
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Vehicle Laws - Speed Monitoring Systems

- 3 FOR the purpose of altering requirements for the annual calibration checks required for 4 speed monitoring systems; requiring a local jurisdiction with a speed monitoring 5 system program to publish online certain information; authorizing a person who 6 receives a citation from a speed monitoring system to request the presence of certain 7 individuals at trial; reducing the time required for a certain notice; establishing a 8 certain presumption in favor of an individual issued a citation by a speed monitoring 9 system under certain circumstances; altering a certain definition; and generally 10 relating to speed monitoring systems.
- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 12 Article Transportation
- 13 Section 21–809(a)(1)
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
- 16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 17 Article Transportation
- 18 Section 21–809(a)(6), (b)(4), and (e)
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
- 21 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 22 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

23 Article – Transportation

24 21–809.

HOUSE BILL 1151

1	(a)	(1)	In thi	is sect	ion the following words have the meanings indicated.
2 3	system:	(6)	"Reco	orded	image" means an image recorded by a speed monitoring
4			(i)	On:	
5				1.	A photograph;
6				2.	A microphotograph;
7				3.	An electronic image;
8				4.	Videotape; or
9 10	VISUAL RE	CORD	OF A M	5. 10TO 1	Any other medium THAT PROVIDES AN ACCURATE R VEHICLE; and
11			(ii)	Show	ving:
12				1.	The rear of a motor vehicle;
13 14	that include	e the sa	ame sta	2. ationa	At least two time-stamped images of the motor vehicle ry object near the motor vehicle;
15 16 17	DISTANCE IMAGE; and		ELED	3. BY T	AN ACCURATE REPRESENTATION OF THE LINEAR HE MOTOR VEHICLE BETWEEN EACH TIME-STAMPED
18 19	legible iden	tificati	on of tl		4. On at least one image or portion of tape, a clear and ire registration plate number of the motor vehicle.
20 21 22	•			ECK (eed monitoring system shall undergo an annual calibration OF ALL KEY SYSTEMS RELEVANT TO THE ACCURACY OF a independent calibration laboratory that is:
23				1.	Selected by the local jurisdiction; and
$24 \\ 25$	monitoring	system	١.	2.	Unaffiliated with the manufacturer of the speed
26 27	certificate o	of calibi	(ii) ration a		independent calibration laboratory shall issue a signed the annual calibration check that:
28				1.	Shall be kept on file; and

- 1 2. Shall be admitted as evidence in any court proceeding for 2 a violation of this section.
- 3 (III) EACH LOCAL JURISDICTION WITH A SPEED MONITORING 4 SYSTEM PROGRAM SHALL PUBLISH ONLINE INFORMATION REGARDING THE ANNUAL 5 CALIBRATION, INCLUDING THE CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION.
- 6 A certificate alleging that the violation of this subtitle occurred and the (e) 7 requirements under subsection (b) of this section have been satisfied, sworn to, or affirmed 8 by a duly authorized law enforcement officer employed by or under contract with an agency, 9 based on inspection of recorded images produced by a speed monitoring system, shall be 10 evidence of the facts contained in the certificate [and shall be admissible in a proceeding 11 alleging a violation under this section without the presence or testimony of the speed monitoring system operator who performed the requirements under subsection (b) of this 12 13 section].
- 14 (2) If a person who received a citation under subsection (d) of this section
 15 desires the speed monitoring system operator, THE DULY AUTHORIZED LAW
 16 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHO SIGNED THE CITATION UNDER SUBSECTION
 17 (D)(1)(VIII) OF THIS SECTION, OR THE TECHNICIAN WHO PERFORMED A
 18 CALIBRATION CHECK UNDER SUBSECTION (B)(4) OF THIS SECTION to be present and
 19 testify AND FOR CROSS EXAMINATION at trial, the person shall notify the court and the
 20 State in writing no later than [20] 10 days before trial.
- 21 (3) If a person who received a citation under subsection (D)
 22 OF THIS SECTION MAKES A REASONABLE REQUEST FOR DATA OTHER THAN A
 23 RECODED IMAGE FROM THE SPEED MONITORING SYSTEM AND THE REQUEST IS
 24 DENIED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION, THERE IS A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION
 25 THAT THE CITATION ISSUED WAS AN ERRONEOUS VIOLATION.
- 26 (4) Adjudication of liability shall be based on a preponderance of evidence.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2018.

R5 8lr1367

By: **Delegates Wivell, Ciliberti, Krebs, Long, McComas, McKay, Parrott, and Reilly** Introduced and read first time: February 9, 2018
Assigned to: Environment and Transportation

A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN ACT concerning
2 3	Vehicle Laws – Speed Monitoring Systems – Operation in School Zones (Truth in Speed Cameras Act of 2018)
4	FOR the purpose of requiring that a local jurisdiction place a certain device adjacent to a
5	sign indicating a school zone before activating a speed monitoring system; altering
6	the hours during which a speed monitoring system in a school zone may be operated
7	and restricting the placement of a speed monitoring system to certain areas in a
8	school zone; limiting the fee that a contractor may receive for operating a speed
9	monitoring system or administering or processing citations generated by a speed
10	monitoring system on behalf of a local jurisdiction; and generally relating to speed
11	monitoring systems in school zones.
12	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
13	Article – Transportation
14	Section 21–809(b)(1)(i) and (vi)
15	Annotated Code of Maryland
16	(2012 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
17	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
18	Article – Transportation
19	Section 21–809(b)(1)(vii) and (viii) and (j)
20	Annotated Code of Maryland
21	(2012 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
22	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
23	That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
24	Article - Transportation

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

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21 - 809.



- 1 (b) (1) (i) A speed monitoring system may not be used in a local jurisdiction 2 under this section unless its use is authorized by the governing body of the local jurisdiction 3 by local law enacted after reasonable notice and a public hearing.
- 4 (vi) This section applies to a violation of this subtitle recorded by a 5 speed monitoring system that meets the requirements of this subsection and has been 6 placed:
- 1. In Montgomery County, on a highway in a residential district, as defined in § 21–101 of this title, with a maximum posted speed limit of 35 miles per hour, which speed limit was established using generally accepted traffic engineering practices;
- 11 2. In a school zone with a posted speed limit of at least 20 12 miles per hour; or
- 3. In Prince George's County, on that part of a highway located within the grounds of an institution of higher education as defined in § 10–101(h) of the Education Article, or within one—half mile of the grounds of a building or property used by the institution of higher education where generally accepted traffic and engineering practices indicate that motor vehicle, pedestrian, or bicycle traffic is substantially generated or influenced by the institution of higher education.
- 19 (vii) Before activating a speed monitoring system, the local 20 jurisdiction shall:
- Publish notice of the location of the speed monitoring system on its website and in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction;
- 23 2. Ensure that each sign that designates a school zone is 24 proximate to a sign that:
- A. Indicates that speed monitoring systems are in use in the school zone; and
- B. Is in accordance with the manual for and the specifications for a uniform system of traffic control devices adopted by the State Highway Administration under § 25–104 of this article; [and]
- 30 3. ENSURE THAT EACH SIGN THAT DESIGNATES A SCHOOL ZONE IS PROXIMATE TO A DEVICE THAT DISPLAYS A REAL-TIME POSTING OF THE SPEED AT WHICH A DRIVER IS TRAVELING; AND
- [3.] 4. With regard to a speed monitoring system established based on proximity to an institution of higher education under paragraph (1)(vi)3 of this subsection, ensure that all speed limit signs approaching and within the segment of highway on which the speed monitoring system is located include signs that:

1 2 3	A. Are in accordance with the manual and specifications for a uniform system of traffic control devices adopted by the State Highway Administration under $\S~25-104$ of this article; and
4	B. Indicate that a speed monitoring system is in use.
5	(viii) A speed monitoring system in a school zone [may]:
6 7 8	1. MAY operate only [Monday through Friday between 6:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m.] BEGINNING 1 HOUR BEFORE UNTIL 1 HOUR AFTER INSTRUCTIONAL HOURS ON DAYS WHEN SCHOOL IS IN SESSION; AND
9 10 11	2. MAY OPERATE ONLY ON A HIGHWAY IN THE SCHOOL ZONE THAT FRONTS THE MAIN ENTRANCE OR THE ENTRANCE THAT EXPERIENCES THE GREATEST AMOUNT OF STUDENT AND SCHOOL BUS TRAFFIC.
12 13 14	(j) (1) An agency or an agent or contractor designated by the agency shall administer and process civil citations issued under this section in coordination with the District Court.
15 16 17	(2) If a contractor in any manner operates a speed monitoring system or administers or processes citations generated by a speed monitoring system on behalf of a local jurisdiction, the contractor's fee [may]:
18 19	(I) MAY not be contingent on a per-ticket basis on the number of citations issued or paid; AND
20 21	(II) MAY NOT EXCEED 30% OF THE GROSS REVENUE GENERATED BY THE SPEED MONITORING SYSTEM.
22 23	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2018.